UVAHEALTH.COM

FIND A DOCTOR

MAKE AN APPOINTMENT

UVA HEALTH SYSTEM BLOG

Stories about the patients, staff and services of UVA

HOME VIDEO TELL YOUR STORY CONTRIBUTORS

Diet Dangers for Cancer & Heart Patients, Q&A Part 3, Fad Diets

On January 23, 2014 | At 8:45 am

It's one thing to experiment with fad diets when you're relatively healthy. But people dealing with health issues, especially cancer and heart problems, need to be extra careful.

In this third installment of our Fad Diet Q&A series, UVA nutritionists Carole Havrila and Katherine Basbaum tell us what diet elements could be dangerous and which could help.

Q. If someone has a heart condition or is in cancer treatment, are there certain diets to avoid?

Havrila: For cancer, any diet that would be restrictive in total calories or protein or both would likely worsen the nutritional status of a patient receiving cancer treatment and would not be recommended. This includes:

- Fasts (juice or otherwise) that are prolonged
- Severe macrobiotic diets that eliminate many foods and are very low in total calories
- Any diet that would include the use of high amounts of **dietary supplements**, as they may interfere with medicines patients use or even interfere with cancer treatments

Basbaum: For heart disease, I'd say stay away from the Atkins-type diets, the ones that encourage large amounts of high-fat animal protein like steak and bacon. These foods are high in sodium and saturated fats, two of the things we recommend eating in moderation when eating for heart health.

Q. What kind of diets aid prevention of heart issues and cancer?

Havrila: In terms of cancer prevention, plant-based diets rich in legumes and beans, fruits and vegetables and whole grains. Meat is a "condiment" and not the centerpiece of the meal. Diets for cancer prevention are controlled in calories to help patients maintain or achieve a healthy weight. Processed meats are eaten sparingly, if at all, and red meat is limited to 18 ounces a week.

Basbaum: For heart health, your diet should focus on high-quality lean protein (both plant and animal-based), low-fat dairy, whole grains, low sodium (less than 2000 mg/day), and having the majority of dietary fat coming from either polyunsaturated or monounsaturated fat sources, i.e. olive oil, canola, nuts, seeds, avocado.

Next up: Detox, Gluten-Free, Vegan, Fad Diets Q&A Part 4



Related posts:

- Fad Diets Q&A: The Truth Behind the Hype
- Juice Cleanse? Think Before You Drink: Q&A Part 1, Fad Diets Series
- Antioxidants and Vegan Diets: The Role of a Cancer Center Dietitian

Filed under: Cancer, Healthy Living, Heart, Nutrition, Women's Health | Comments: 0 |

Search for:

Search

Recent Posts

- Sleep, Belly Fat, and Making Weight-Loss Last: Q&A Part 5 Fad Diets
- Detox, Gluten-Free, Vegan: Best & Worst Diets, Q&A Part 4 Fad Diets
- Diet Dangers for Cancer & Heart Patients, Q&A Part 3, Fad Diets
- Weight-Loss Wonder Ingredients: Q&A Part 2, Fad Diets
- Juice Cleanse? Think Before You Drink: Q&A Part 1, Fad Diets Series

Follow Us





Subscribe by email

Your email here Subscribe

Featured Topics



See all topics

HEALTH

1/26/14 1:33 PM 1 of 2

Leave a Reply

	Name (required)
	Mail (will not be published) (required)
	Website
Please note, we monitor comments and it could take as much as 48 hours for your comment to appear.	
Submit Comment	

Vim & Vigor

Vints

Vin

Offering vital information on prevention, treatment, nutrition and fitness.

UVA Health System | 1215 Lee Street | Charlottesville, VA 22908 | 434.924.3627 | 800.251.3627 Maintained By Marketing Communications | © 2014 By The Rector And Visitors Of The University Of Virginia

2 of 2